**30 Days of Machine Learning |Syllabus**

Educator Name: Nishant Dhote

Contact: +91-7880-113-112

**Part: 1**

**Day: 1 Introduction & Type of ML**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/8uDZjeXVa\_4?si=v7rgw8HAWABjEPFa**](https://www.youtube.com/live/8uDZjeXVa_4?si=v7rgw8HAWABjEPFa)

* What is Machine Learning
* How has Machine Learning evolved? The History of ML
* ML vs DL vs AI
* Data Science Vs Data Analytics Vs ML/AI/DL
* Types of machine learning

**Day:2 Batch | Model | Instance Based ML**

**Link:** [**https://youtu.be/cgmgR7ELjcQ?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba**](https://youtu.be/cgmgR7ELjcQ?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba)

* What is Batch / Offline Machine Learning?
* What is Online Machine Learning?
* Difference Between Online Vs Offline Machine Learning?
* Instance Based Machine Learning.
* Model Based Machine Learning.
* Instance Based Vs Model Based Machine Learning.
* Challenges in Machine Learning.
* Application of Machine Learning.
* Machine Learning Development Life Cycle.

**Day:3 MLDLC | CSV / JSON / SQL Data Gathering**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/zT-gIdeF5Ks?si=Ctpz6673FHpwqnr5**](https://www.youtube.com/live/zT-gIdeF5Ks?si=Ctpz6673FHpwqnr5)

* Machine Learning Development Life Cycle (MLDLC/MLDC):
* Data science life cycle (DSLC):
* Tools used in Machine Learning? Installing: Anaconda | Jupiter Notebook (IDEs)
* Optional Tools: Spyder | PyCharm | Noteable | Google Colab | Kaggle Notebooks | Microsoft Azure Notebooks | Apache Zeplin | Count.co and Many More
* How to import dataset and download data files?
* How we create virtual environment
* Data Gathering
* Working with CSV Files
* Working with JSON/SQL

**Day:4 Framing ML Problem | Fetching Data from an API**

**Link:** [**https://youtu.be/Kev-JHvEd40?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba**](https://youtu.be/Kev-JHvEd40?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba)

* Framing a Machine Learning Problem
* Data Gathering
  + Fetching data from an API
  + Fetching data using web scraping

**Day: 5 Web Scraping for Data Gathering**

**Link:** [**https://youtu.be/DaGrAC0jTOk?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba**](https://youtu.be/DaGrAC0jTOk?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba)

* Fetching data using web scraping

**Part: 2**

**Day: 6 EDA: Type of EDA | Univariate EDA**

**Link:** [**https://youtu.be/E0B6IrzBxHM?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba**](https://youtu.be/E0B6IrzBxHM?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba)

* Types of Exploratory Data Analysis:
* Univariate Analysis
* Bivariate Analysis
* Multivariate Analysis
* How We Understand the Data?

**Day: 7 EDA: Bivariate | Multivariate**

**Link:** [**https://youtu.be/pqqt3BXdVFo?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba**](https://youtu.be/pqqt3BXdVFo?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba)

* EDA Bivariate Analysis
* EDA Multivariate Analysis

**Day: 8 Panda Profiling | Type of Feature Engineering**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/JArbcZpvWuQ?si=lPVb9hhcD19RDuQ9**](https://www.youtube.com/live/JArbcZpvWuQ?si=lPVb9hhcD19RDuQ9)

* How do we use the pandas profiling tool?
* Feature Engineering
* Feature Transformation
* Feature Construction
* Feature Selection
* Feature Selection

**Day: 9 Categorical Variables | One Hot Encoding | Ordinal & Label Encoading**

**Link :** [**https://youtu.be/aG6rEJvQkEc?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba**](https://youtu.be/aG6rEJvQkEc?list=PLxzTa0VPR9rzus4Egb-aOmCWier5XiOba)

* **How to Encode “Categorical Variables”?**
* What is categorical data?
* **Type of categorical data?**
* What is Ordinal Data?
* Ordinal Encoding
* Label Encoding
* What is Nominal Data?
* One Hot Encoding

**Day: 10 Handling Missing Data | Missing completely at random (MCAR) | Complete Case Analysis (CCA)**

**Link :** [**https://youtu.be/RTIf0kfOuUI?si=fJLVKQAgBxHJaL-c**](https://youtu.be/RTIf0kfOuUI?si=fJLVKQAgBxHJaL-c)

* Handling Missing Data
* What are the problems with missing data?
* Remove Missing Values
* What is a missing completely at random (MCAR)?
* Pro and Corns Complete Case Analysis (CCA)?
* When we use CCA?

**Part: 3**

**Day: 11 Univariate Imputation: Mean | Median | Arbitrary & Random Value**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/UVy\_6qtxTbg?si=z-SJdyzkuLS8y\_sn**](https://www.youtube.com/live/UVy_6qtxTbg?si=z-SJdyzkuLS8y_sn)

* Univariate Imputation in Numerical Data
* Difference between univariate imputation and multivariate imputation
* Mean or Median Imputation
* Arbitrary Value Imputation
* End of Distribution
* Random value Imputation

**Day: 12 Categorical Data Imputation: Mode | Most Frequent | Missing Value**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/IvaFsrAh8Wo?si=KYGjaqXEVhsFvl2n**](https://www.youtube.com/live/IvaFsrAh8Wo?si=KYGjaqXEVhsFvl2n)

* + What is the purpose of using “Mode”?
  + What is most frequent imputation?
  + Which variables can be imputed with most frequent / mode Imputation?
  + When to use mode / most frequent category imputation?
  + Missing value imputation?

**Day: 13 Random Sampling Imputation: Numerical Data | Categorical Data**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/MSfemrUmQFM?si=W\_gEPkV9n7lzd5\_Q**](https://www.youtube.com/live/MSfemrUmQFM?si=W_gEPkV9n7lzd5_Q)

* What is random sampling imputation?
* Advantages in random sampling imputation.
* Disadvantage in random sampling imputation.
* Random Imputation in Univariate Imputation.
* Random sampling imputation for Numerical Data.
* Random sampling imputation for Categorical Data.

**Day: 14 Missing Indicator | Automatic Select Value | 2D/3D Calculation For KNN**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/aDdie\_Qo7rI?si=23F\_YaWXk\_LIHZQT**](https://www.youtube.com/live/aDdie_Qo7rI?si=23F_YaWXk_LIHZQT)

* Missing Indicator in Univariate Imputation
* Automatic select value for Imputer parameter
* Coordinate Geometric for KNN Imputer
* Calculation in 2D and 3D Distance

**Day: 15 KNN Imputer | Find Euclidean Distance | Impute KNN Value**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/Qyu5QXgyQPE?si=PK-f7kYtO5B\_O2Zi**](https://www.youtube.com/live/Qyu5QXgyQPE?si=PK-f7kYtO5B_O2Zi)

* KNN Imputer
* K-Nearest Neighbour Calculation Method
* What is Euclidean Distance in Machine Learning?
* How to find K nearest neighbour?
* Find missing imputation value?

**Day: 16 Iterative Imputer | MICE | MCAR | MAR | MNAR**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/Qyu5QXgyQPE?si=PK-f7kYtO5B\_O2Zi**](https://www.youtube.com/live/Qyu5QXgyQPE?si=PK-f7kYtO5B_O2Zi)

* Iterative Imputer
* MICE- Multiple Imputation by Chained Equations
* Missing Completely at Random (MCAR)
* Missing at Random (MAR)
* Missing Not at Random (MNAR)
* Find Predictive Value for Iterative Imputer Technique

**Part: 4**

**Day: 17 Outliers | How to Treat & Detect | Advantage & Disadvantages**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/uqGnieXQGbs?si=X\_7urrGEPncW\_Hzg**](https://www.youtube.com/live/uqGnieXQGbs?si=X_7urrGEPncW_Hzg)

* What are the outliers in machine learning?
* When is Outlier Unsafe?
* What role play anomaly detection algorithms in outliers?
* Effect of Outliers on ML Algorithms
* How to treat Outliers?
* How to detect Outliers?
* Techniques to detect & remove Outliers

**Day: 18 Z Score Technique in outliers | Apply SND Method & Z Score Calculation**

**Link:** [**https://www.youtube.com/live/DHqwc4zz33s?si=iCJ9GOm1hCD-GWLe**](https://www.youtube.com/live/DHqwc4zz33s?si=iCJ9GOm1hCD-GWLe)

* Outliers removal using Z score treatment
* Z Score is applicable for normal distribution
* What is Standard deviation?
* Standard Normal Distribution (SND)
* Why are Z-Scores Important?
* How to Calculate “Z-Score”?
* What is 68 - 95- 99 Rule?
* Practice Problems for Z-Scores Calculation

 

**Scan and download the App Now**

